



# ALABAMA EXECUTIONS

(1976 TO PRESENT)\*

**Scheduled executions appear in red text below.**

No.	DATE	NAME	RACE	RACE OF VICTIM(S)
44.	10/08/09	Max Payne	White	White
43.	06/11/09	Jack Trawick	White	White
42.	05/14/09	Willie McNair	Black	White
41.	04/16/09	Jimmy Dill	Black	Black
40.	02/12/09	Danny Bradley	White	White
39.	01/15/09	Jimmy Callahan	White	White
38.	08/23/07	Luther Williams	Black	White
37.	07/26/07	Darrell Grayson	Black	White
36.	05/03/07	Aaron Jones	Black	White
35.	10/26/06	Larry Hutcherson	White	White
34.	09/22/05	John Peoples	White	White
33.	08/04/05	George Sibley	White	White
32.	06/02/05	Jerry Henderson	White	White
31.	04/28/05	Mario Centobie	White	White
30.	09/30/04	David Hocker	White	White
29.	08/05/04	James Hubbard	White	White
28.	08/07/03	Tommy Fortenberry	White	White
27.	04/24/03	Gary Brown	White	White
26.	03/13/03	Michael Thompson	White	White
25.	12/12/02	Anthony Johnson	White	White
24.	05/10/02	Lynda Lyon Block	White	White
23.	06/02/00	Pernell Ford	Black	White
22.	04/14/00	Robert Tarver	Black	White
21.	03/03/00	Freddie Wright	Black	White

<b>No.</b>	<b>DATE</b>	<b>NAME</b>	<b>RACE</b>	<b>RACE OF VICTIM(S)</b>
20.	01/07/00	David Duren	White	White
19.	08/06/99	Victor Kennedy	Black	White
18.	06/18/99	Brian Baldwin	Black	White
17.	05/08/98	Steven Thompson	White	White
16.	06/06/97	Henry Hays	White	Black
15.	05/02/97	Walter Hill	Black	Black
14.	01/10/97	Billy Waldrop	White	White
13.	02/16/96	Edward Horsley	Black	White
12.	05/12/95	Varnell Weeks	Black	Black
11.	04/28/95	Willie Clisby	Black	Black
10.	11/20/92	Cornelius Singleton	Black	White
9.	03/20/92	Larry Heath	White	White
8.	07/13/90	Wallace Thomas	Black	White
7.	11/17/89	Arthur Julius	Black	Black
6.	08/18/89	Herbert Richardson	Black	Black
5.	07/14/89	Horace Dunkins	Black	White
4.	05/26/89	Michael Lindsey	Black	White
3.	08/28/87	Wayne Ritter	White	White
2.	03/21/86	Arthur Jones	Black	White
1.	04/22/83	John Evans	White	White

\*On June 29, 1972, the United States Supreme Court effectively voided 40 death penalty statutes, thereby commuting the sentences of 629 death row inmates around the country and suspending the death penalty, when it decided in *Furman v. Georgia*, 408 U.S. 238 (1972), that a death penalty statute which gave the jury complete sentencing discretion could result in arbitrary sentencing and was therefore “cruel and unusual” in violation of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution. Led by Florida, 35 states rewrote their death penalty statutes after *Furman*, and in 1976, the Supreme Court approved statutes that limited the sentencer’s discretion by providing sentencing guidelines. That decision, *Gregg v. Georgia*, 428 U.S. 153 (1976), reinstated the death penalty. The year 1976 thus marks the beginning of the modern death penalty era.